



## EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

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***“A college with vision. A career with purpose!”***

# INTERNSHIP HANDBOOK

For Community Providers,

Thank you for your interest in partnering with Theoria Technical College to provide internship opportunities to Theoria students. This handbook is designed to help community organizations and businesses create quality internship programs that meet Theoria’s expectations for approved internships. If you have questions that are not addressed, please contact the Administration Office at 760.487.8436 (THEO) or [info@theoriatechnical.com](mailto:info@theoriatechnical.com).

### **What is an academic internship?**

Quality academic internships are learning experiences facilitated by collaborative community partners that help students achieve personal and professional growth and competitive advantage in the global workforce. The main priority of the internship experience is to provide students with a professional learning experience in which they gain new knowledge by performing tasks, working on projects, completing other on-the-job learning experiences in a professional work environment, and through mentoring. Internships also provide students new to the field of early childhood development with the opportunity to test a tentative career choice. Successful internship experiences combine training and purposeful project assignments. Interns need focused, purposeful roles to keep them motivated, learning, and helping to meet organizational objectives. Thus, a successful internship program utilizes best practices that are in place prior to the arrival of the student intern, and sustained until the end of the internship.

### **Getting Started: Designing an internship program that meets your needs**

Internship activities vary by organization. Designing an internship program to meet your organizational needs depends upon a number of factors such as your organization’s age, size, service, philosophy, and organizational goals.

**Step 1** is to determine your organization’s goals in relation to the internship program. What does your organization hope to achieve from the internship program? Are you a public agency searching for additional help on a project? Is your small company growing quickly and having difficulty finding motivated new employees? Are you a nonprofit that doesn’t have a lot of money to pay, but can provide an interesting and rewarding experience? Is your organization searching out new employees with leadership and management potential? All the relevant players (directors, supervisors, staffing professionals, etc.) in your internship program should reach consensus on your program

goals that are clearly understood by all involved. In order for a program to be successful, it will require the commitment of organization's leaders and management.

**Step 2** is to develop a written plan. Carefully plan and write out your goals for the internship program. After all, directors, mentors, interns and Theoria Personnel are all going to be reading about the internship program.

What will the intern be doing? Draft a job description that clearly explains the job's duties. Do you want someone for a specific project? General support around the workplace? To give the intern a taste of everything your company does?

It is important to establish clear work objectives before the student begins the internship so that you can be sure to meet your goals and not find yourself floundering partway through.

Be as specific as possible. Interns, like others in the process of learning, need structure so they don't become lost, confused or bored. The supervisor/mentor should develop a "learning agreement plan" that serves as an agreement of expectations between you and the student intern. The learning agreement plan should be well-thought-out and have a clear idea of what tasks the intern will work on when not working on specific projects. The assumption should be that the student's duties will not change drastically during the course of the internship, and if they do, it will be to the student's benefit (i.e., more responsibility for better learning experience). Having a set of well-defined responsibilities focuses the learning and gives the student a better chance of achieving critical learning objectives.

What sort of academic background and experience do you want in an intern? Are there particular skills the successful applicant should have? Decide on standards for quality beforehand — it'll help you narrow down the choices and find the best candidates.

How will you communicate expectations and information such as policies, procedures, etiquettes, etc.? It is important to orient students to your organization at the start of the internship. This can be a formal or informal process, depending on the number of interns and the needs of the organization. Some internship providers create a handbook that helps orient interns to the expectations of the organization and addresses topics as:

- ✓ Policy/procedure manual
- ✓ How did the organization start?
- ✓ Mission, services, products, etc.
- ✓ Organization's current objectives
- ✓ Intern job description
- ✓ Work schedule including start times, end times, break times etc.
- ✓ Email, mail, Internet, and telephone system and mail, email, and internet telephone etiquette
- ✓ Cell phone and texting policy

- ✓ Facebook, Twitter, and other social media policy
- ✓ Confidentiality
- ✓ Emergency procedures and emergency contact information for the student
- ✓ Security issues
- ✓ Introductions to key personnel
- ✓ Tours

Regardless of the structure, there are important elements that should be included in any orientation program for interns:

- ✓ Information about the organization: Offer interns your company or organization's literature to review and any other documents that are important for them to understand the big picture. If available, include an organizational chart that explains various roles and responsibilities of employees.
- ✓ Structure: Interns might not be familiar with formal workplace procedures (e.g., attendance policies, break times, days off). Generate a written document that clarifies relevant policies and procedures and submit this to interns on their first day with your organization.
- ✓ Introductions: Take time in the beginning of the internship to introduce the intern to key people in the organization. Allow more time for conversation with those employees who are likely to interact with the intern on a regular basis. By making a special effort to encourage those contacts early on, interns will feel more comfortable asking for advice or support later.

Will you pay the intern? If so, how much? Wages vary widely from agency to agency, so be sure yours are competitive or offer competitive incentives. Reasonable compensation (not required but certainly allowed and encouraged) or a stipend to help with the cost of tuition are encouraged. If you require your interns to use their own vehicle to do work-related tasks, consider paying for their gas. Many Theoria students pay for their own education and, therefore, welcome an opportunity to "earn and learn."

Interns bring value to an organization with their energy and new ideas and perspective. Paying an intern a wage or stipend creates ownership in the program by both the organization and the intern. Unpaid interns are often looked upon as volunteers— a perception that can impact the learning experience from both the company and student point of view. Paid internship postings may also produce a better pool of intern candidates. Refer to the [Fair Labor Standards Act](#) as to the definitions of an intern and the rules regarding compensation as spelled out by the U.S. Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division.

What will the intern's work schedule be? Quality internships have clear expectations from the start as to hours of work that meet the needs of the student and the

organization. Interns are college students and they must balance school and work when participating in an internship. Take into account available supervision, workload fluctuations, and student availability.

What resources will your intern need? Interns should have adequate resources such as an assigned workspace, computer, office supplies, and telephone, to perform tasks and to learn.

What special training opportunities will you offer? Quality internship programs offer interns the opportunity to gain and improve their skills and learn new ones. On-the-job training with close supervision from an experienced mentor is the best "training" but certainly can be supplemented with more formalized training, including structured self-study courses, web-based education, and workshops.

Will you offer social activities and after-hour events? Good internships strike a balance between value-added activities and an enjoyable experience for the student. Internships should be primarily hard work and learning, but there should also be fun and enjoyment for the intern. Social activities that combine work and fun are good opportunities for intern growth. For example, organization-sponsored lunches, dinners, and even volunteering events offer students the opportunity to network with others and develop people skills. Keep in mind that your interns are walking advertisements for your organization.

**Step 3** is to decide who will supervise the interns. Because an internship is a learning experience, proper supervision of the intern is essential. This is especially true for students who do not have extensive work experience. Students must be supervised by a professional in the field, not by peers; therefore, the student cannot be considered the resident expert. This person doesn't have to be a teacher per se, but should be selected because he or she likes to teach or train, and has the resources to do it. If the person you select has never supervised an intern before, give him or her some basic training in mentoring. The supervisor should serve as a positive role model while putting a heavy emphasis on teaching and supporting the intern throughout the entire experience by helping the intern to:

- ❖ Learn about the organization
- ❖ Learn about career paths
- ❖ See possibilities of someday transitioning into the workplace into a full-time position
- ❖ Find answers to questions about projects and processes

The internship supervisor/mentor should teach lessons beyond technical knowledge that help the student learn to practice persistence, solve problems, exhibit a positive-attitude, become more productive, hone their people and networking skills, plan, and prioritize.

Finally, the internship supervisor/mentor should give regular, immediate feedback to assure that interns are keeping pace and accomplishing goals. This doesn't mean to watch their every move, but do make sure you know what's happening with their daily tasks. Watch for signs that the intern is confused or bored. As often as silence means that an intern is busy, it also could mean that he or she is confused and shy about telling you so. It's easy to be shy in a workplace full of older strangers who all know each other. See whether the intern is trying to do anything that requires someone else's input. Paying attention early helps you head off problems and bad habits early on. Along those same lines, it's important to give them lots of feedback! Especially if your interns have never done this kind of work before, they'll want to know if their work is measuring up to your expectations. No matter what the level of experience, students need the internship supervisor/mentor, who is a more experienced worker, to let them know if their work is officially "okay". Periodically, examine what your intern has produced and make suggestions. Regularly scheduled evaluations help avoid common problems with internship, including miscommunication, misunderstanding of job roles, and lack of specific goals and objectives. An effective method of intern supervision is to have a set time (weekly is recommended) to meet with the intern to review progress on projects, touch base, and provide feedback. Some supervisors do this over lunch; others choose a more formal setting, depending on the culture of your organization and time constraints.

### **Ending the Internship**

An internship should have a clearly stated end date that is identified before the internship begins. Some internship providers offer permanent positions to interns, but if that is not the case, the exit interview is a good chance to discuss such topics as future job references (letters of reference or references on applications), staying in touch, and other possible mentoring opportunities either at the organization, company or in the industry.

Completing a formal evaluation provided by Theoria can help both the site supervisor and the intern bring closure to the experience. You may want to have some form of acknowledgment such as a lunch with co-workers in the final week of the internship. Because co-workers often have extensive contact with interns, this type of event can be a positive way to recognize the contribution of other employees as well as the intern. The student will also need the supervisor to verify the hours worked by signing the intern's time sheet provided by Theoria.

The exit interview can also allow the internship provider to gather information that might help design a better internship experience in the future. Suggested questions at the exit interview might include:

- ❖ What can we do to improve our internship program?
- ❖ Were the projects and tasks relevant to your major?
- ❖ Did you understand what was expected of you?
- ❖ Did you have enough access to your supervisor/mentor?
- ❖ What did you like most? Dislike most?

If you are considering hiring the intern for a full-time or part-time position, it is important to make this transition. It is not fair to the intern or co-workers to simply "extend the internship." Make the offer as you would to any employee, complete with a title change and a job description. As the person is now considered an employee with some degree of experience and more responsibility, it is normal practice to offer a pay raise when someone makes the leap from intern to employee.

- ❖ Checklist for Internship Site Supervisors
- ❖ Develop internship position description.
- ❖ Complete Theoria's Request to Initiate Partnership form.
- ❖ Interview candidates/hire intern.
- ❖ Meet with intern to establish learning goals.
- ❖ Provide/supervise training of intern.
- ❖ Establish and conduct regularly scheduled supervision meetings.
- ❖ Provide end of internship evaluation, including completing an evaluation and time-sheet.

#### Things to Consider Before Submitting Request to Initiate Partnership

- ❖ Consult the Fair Labor Standards Act to help determine appropriate activities for interns.
- ❖ The intern should work in a professional setting with frequent interaction with and regular feedback from a supervisor/mentor.
- ❖ Clerical and routine office duties should be kept to a minimum.
- ❖ The internship should avoid all conflicts of interest that can diminish the learning experience:
  - ❖ Students may not transport students of their field internship agency at any time for any reason.
  - ❖ Students are not permitted to participate in door-to-door sales, telemarketing, or cold calling of any kind.